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DISTRICT COURT OF

JEFFERSON COUNTY, ALABAMA

JACQUELINE ANDERSON SMITH, CLERK

State of Alabama
Unified Judicial System Form
C-21 (Front) Rev. 10/2023

PROCESS OF GARNISHMENT**IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF JEFFERSON COUNTY, ALABAMA****NAME AND ADDRESS OF PLAINTIFF (Persons Asserting Claim):**

UHG I LLC (C001)
C/O JACOB LAW GROUP
P.O. BOX 948
OXFORD, MS 38655-0000

**NAME AND ADDRESS OF DEFENDANT (Person Whose Property
SSN --6537 (Optional) is Subject to Garnishment):**

JANES HENDERSON (D001)
9253 COUNTY LINE RD
DORA, AL 35062-0000

NAME AND ADDRESS OF ATTORNEY FOR PLAINTIFF:

HITEN H. PATEL ESQ.
2623 WEST OXFORD LOOP
OXFORD, MS 38655
(662) 238-2868

DATE OF JUDGMENT: 10/06/2023

JUDGMENT AMOUNT: \$816.16

INTEREST: \$266.05

COSTS: \$198.46

LESS CREDIT: \$0.00

OTHER: \$0.00

TOTAL: \$1280.67

NAME AND ADDRESS OF GARNISHEE:

COADVANTAGE CORPORATION
C/O NATIONAL REG AGENTS
2 N JACKSON ST STE 605
MONTGOMERY, AL 36104-0000

AFFIDAVIT

- A. I make oath that I have obtained the above judgment and believe the named garnishee is or will be indebted to the named defendant or has or will have effects of the defendant under the garnishee's control. I believe that a Process of Garnishment against the garnishee is necessary to obtain satisfaction of the judgment.
- B. If the garnishment is for wages, salary or other compensation, I further make oath that the amount to be withheld must be:
- ☒ 25% of disposable earnings for the week OR the amount by which disposable earnings for the week exceed 30 times the federal minimum hourly wage in effect at the time the earnings are payable, WHICHEVER IS LESS.
 - ☐ 20% of disposable earnings for the week OR the amount by which disposable earnings for the week exceed 50 times the federal minimum hourly wage in effect at the time the earnings are payable, WHICHEVER IS LESS, which amount is in compliance with the instructions on the reverse side of this form.
- C. I hereby request disbursement of amounts periodically paid into Court pursuant to this garnishment.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this

8

day of

OCT 2025

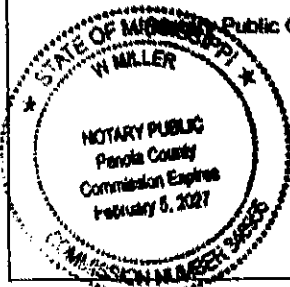
Signature of Officer Authorized to Administer Oaths/Notary Public

Affiant/Attorney (Signature)

Public Only: My Commission expires on

2/5/27

(Date)).



Form C-21 (back) Rev. 10/2013	PROCESS OF GARNISHMENT
<i>Instructions for Determining the Percentage of Wages, Salary or Other Compensation to be Withheld</i> I. GARNISHMENTS TO COLLECT JUDGMENTS ARISING FROM SITUATIONS OTHER THAN CONSUMER LOANS, CONSUMER CREDIT SALES OR CONSUMER LEASES ARE SUBJECT TO THE RESTRICTIONS OF: §6-10-7, Code of Alabama 1975, and Title 15, §1673, United States Code ("U.S.C."). Under Alabama and federal law, the amount subject to garnishment to collect such judgments shall not exceed the LESSER of: (1) twenty-five (25) percent of "disposable earnings" for the week; OR (2) the amount by which "disposable earnings" for the week exceed thirty (30) times the federal minimum hourly wage in effect at the time the earnings are payable. II. GARNISHMENTS TO COLLECT JUDGMENTS ARISING FROM CONSUMER LOANS, CONSUMER CREDIT SALES OR CONSUMER LEASES ARE SUBJECT TO THE RESTRICTIONS OF: §5-18-15, Code of Alabama, 1975 as amended by Act 88-294, effective April 12, 1988, and Act 96-578, effective 5/20/1998. A. Under this law, if the debt or demand was created ON OR AFTER April 12, 1988, the amount subject to garnishment shall not exceed the LESSER of: (1) twenty-five (25) percent of "disposable earnings" for the week; OR (2) the amount by which "disposable earnings" for the week exceed thirty (30) times the federal minimum hourly wage in effect at the time the earnings are payable. B. If the debt or demand was created BEFORE April 12, 1988, the amount subject to garnishment shall not exceed the LESSER of: (1) twenty (20) percent of "disposable earnings" for the week; OR (2) the amount by which "disposable earnings" for the week exceed fifty (50) times the federal minimum hourly wage in effect at the time the earnings are payable. DISPOSABLE EARNINGS DEFINED: An employee's "disposable earnings" means that part of earnings of an individual remaining after deduction of amounts required by law to be withheld such as Federal Income Tax, Federal Social Security Tax, and State and Local Taxes.	
NOTICE TO GARNISHEE Note: If you have in your possession or control property or money belonging to the defendant (which is not wages, salary or other compensation and is not exempt as a matter of law), you are commanded to hold the property or money, or the amount shown on the other side as "Total," whichever is less, subject to the orders of the Court. Social Security, SSI, VA and federal retirement moneys are all exempt under federal law and remain so even when deposited in a bank or other financial institution. If the only money in your possession or control belonging to the defendant is Social Security, SSI, VA or federal retirement moneys, you should indicate in your answer "all such money is exempt from execution." The formula outlined below only applies if the property sought to be garnished is wages, salary or other compensation of the defendant. (Use the following formula to calculate a garnishment of wages, salary or other compensation) (1) Calculate "disposable earnings" for the week (see definition of disposable earnings' above) (2) If the twenty-five (25) percent block is checked on the front of this form, multiply the "disposable earnings" amount by twenty-five (25) percent. Then multiply the "minimum wage amount" (in effect at the time the earnings are payable by you) by thirty (30) and subtract this amount from "disposable earnings." Compare these two and obtain lesser amount. OR (3) If the twenty (20) percent block is checked on the front of this form, multiply the "disposable earnings" amount by twenty (20) percent. Multiply the "minimum wage amount" (in effect at the time the earnings are payable by you) by fifty (50) and subtract this amount from "disposable earnings." Compare these two and obtain lesser amount. (4) After the calculation is made in accordance with (2) or (3) above (whichever is applicable), the amount of the garnishment for the week is the LESSER amount. Withhold this amount and pay it into Court as instructed in the "Writ of Garnishment" on the front of this form. (5) THE CLERK AND OTHER COURT PERSONNEL CANNOT GIVE YOU LEGAL ADVICE. IF YOU NEED ASSISTANCE YOU SHOULD CONSULT A LAWYER FOR ADVICE. PROTECTION AGAINST DISCHARGE: Title 15, §1674, U.S.C., prohibits an employer from discharging any employee because his or her earnings have been subjected to garnishment for any one indebtedness.	
NOTICE TO DEFENDANT OF RIGHT TO CLAIM EXEMPTION FROM GARNISHMENT A process of garnishment has been delivered to you. This means that a Court may order your wages, money in a bank, sums owned to you, or other property belonging to you, to be paid into Court to satisfy a judgment against you. Laws of the State of Alabama and of the United States provide that in some circumstances certain money and property may not be taken to pay certain types of court judgments, because certain money or property may be "exempt" from garnishment. For example, under State law, in some circumstances, up to \$7,500.00 in personal property, including money (except wages, salaries, or other compensation), bank accounts, automobiles, appliances, etc. may be exempt from process of garnishment. Similarly, under Federal law, certain benefits and certain welfare payments may be exempt from garnishment. Benefits and payments ordinarily exempt from garnishment include, for example, Social Security payments, SSI payments, veteran's benefits, AFDC (welfare) payments, unemployment compensation payments, and workers' compensation payments. THESE EXAMPLES ARE FOR PURPOSES OF ILLUSTRATION ONLY. WHETHER YOU WILL BE ENTITLED TO CLAIM ANY EXEMPTION FROM THE PROCESS OF GARNISHMENT, AND, IF SO, WHAT PROPERTY MAY BE EXEMPT, WILL BE DETERMINED BY THE FACTS IN YOUR PARTICULAR CASE. IF YOU ARE UNCERTAIN AS TO YOUR POSSIBLE EXEMPTION RIGHTS, YOU SHOULD CONSULT A LAWYER FOR ADVICE. TO CLAIM ANY EXEMPTION THAT MAY BE AVAILABLE TO YOU, YOU MUST PREPARE A "CLAIM OF EXEMPTION" FORM LISTING ON IT ALL YOUR WAGES AND PERSONAL PROPERTY; HAVE THE CLAIM OF EXEMPTION NOTARIZED; AND FILE IT IN THE CLERK'S OFFICE. ALSO, IT IS YOUR RESPONSIBILITY TO MAIL OR DELIVER A COPY OF THE CLAIM OF EXEMPTION TO THE PLAINTIFF WHO HAS A JUDGMENT AGAINST YOU. YOU MUST INDICATE ON THE CLAIM OF EXEMPTION THAT YOU FILED IN THE CLERK'S OFFICE WHETHER YOU MAILED OR DELIVERED THE COPY TO THE PLAINTIFF AND THE DATE ON WHICH YOU MAILED OR DELIVERED IT. THE CLERK CANNOT GIVE YOU LEGAL ADVICE. IF YOU NEED ASSISTANCE, YOU SHOULD SEE A LAWYER. If you file a claim of exemption, the plaintiff will have approximately ten (10) days to file a "contest" of your claim of exemption. If a contest is filed, a Court hearing will be scheduled and you will be notified of the time and place of the hearing. If the plaintiff does not file a contest, the property claimed by you as exempt will be released from the garnishment. If you do not file a claim of exemption, your property may be turned over to the court and to the plaintiff on the judgment against you. TO PROTECT YOUR RIGHTS, IT IS IMPORTANT THAT YOU ACT PROMPTLY. IF YOU HAVE ANY QUESTIONS, YOU SHOULD CONSULT A LAWYER	
NOTICE TO PLAINTIFF OF RIGHT TO CONTEST CLAIM OF EXEMPTION OF DEFENDANT If a "Claim of Exemption" is filed in the Clerk's office and mailed or delivered to you by the defendant, you have approximately ten (10) days to file a "Contest" to the Claim of Exemption with the Clerk of the Court. If a Contest is timely filed, a Court hearing will be scheduled within seven (7) calendar days (or on the next business day thereafter if the Court is not open on the seventh day). You and the defendant will be notified of the time and place of the hearing. If you fail to make timely Contest of the Claim of Exemption, after fifteen (15) calendar days from the filing of such claim by the defendant, the Process of Garnishment and any writ of garnishment issued therein shall be dismissed or, where appropriate, modified to the extent necessary to give effect to the claimed exemptions. IF YOU ARE UNCERTAIN AS TO HOW TO FILE A CONTEST TO THE CLAIM OF EXEMPTION, YOU SHOULD CONSULT A LAWYER FOR ADVICE. THE CLERK AND OTHER COURT PERSONNEL CANNOT GIVE YOU LEGAL ADVICE.	